

Topics : Fundamentals of Mathematics, Straight Lines

Type of Questions

M.M., Min.

Comprehension (no negative marking) Q.1 to Q.3

(3 marks, 3 min.)

[9, 9]

Single choice Objective (no negative marking) Q.4,5

(3 marks, 3 min.)

[6, 6]

Subjective Questions (no negative marking) Q.6

(4 marks, 5 min.)

[4, 5]

COMPREHENSION (Q.No. 1 to 3)

If $a < b < c < d$, then

1. $|x - a| + |x - b| + |x - c| + |x - d| = p$ has
 - (i) two solutions if $p > c + d - a - b$
 - (ii) infinite solutions if $p = c + d - a - b$
 - (iii) no solution if $p < c + d - a - b$
2. $|x - a| + |x - b| + |x - c| = q$ has
 - (i) two solutions if $q > c - a$
 - (ii) one solution if $q = c - a$ and
 - (iii) no solution if $q < c - a$

1. Number of solutions of the equation $|x - 1| + |x - 2| + |x - 3| + |x - 4| = 7$ is
 (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) infinite
2. Let ℓ be the number of solutions obtained in above question, then number of solutions of the equation $|x - 2| + |x - 3| + |x - 4| = \ell$ is
 (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) infinite
3. Let k be the number of solution obtained in Q.No. 2, then number of solution of $|x + 1| + |x| + |x - 1| = k$ is
 (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) infinite
4. If the lines $2x + y - 3 = 0$, $5x + ky - 3 = 0$ and $3x - y - 2 = 0$ are concurrent, then 'k' is equal to
 (A) -2 (B) 3 (C) -3 (D) 2
5. A light ray coming along the line $3x + 4y = 5$ gets reflected from the line $ax + by = 1$ and goes along the line $5x - 12y = 10$, then
 (A) $a = \frac{64}{115}$, $b = \frac{112}{5}$ (B) $a = \frac{14}{15}$, $b = \frac{-8}{115}$
 (C) $a = \frac{64}{115}$, $b = \frac{-8}{115}$ (D) $a = \frac{14}{15}$, $b = \frac{112}{15}$
6. If the lines $L_1 : 2x - 3y - 6 = 0$, $L_2 : x + y - 4 = 0$ and $L_3 : x + 2 = 0$ taken pair wise in order constitute the angles A, B and C respectively of $\triangle ABC$, then find the equation whose roots are $\tan A$, $\tan B$ and $\tan C$



Answers Key

1. (C) 2. (B) 3. (A) 4. (A)

5. (C)(D) 6. $2x^3 - 15x^2 + 28x - 15 = 0$

